

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}$$

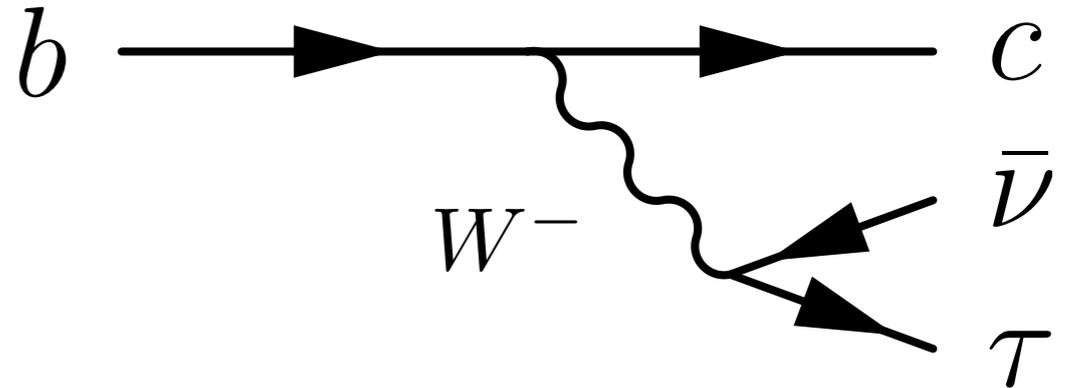
M. Tanaka (Osaka U)

B2TIP meeting, June 17, 2014

Introduction

Semitaquonic B decays

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}$$



Experiments

BABAR 2012 [arXiv: 1205.5442](https://arxiv.org/abs/1205.5442), [PRL.109.101802\(2012\)](https://arxiv.org/abs/1205.5442)

$$R(D) \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell)} = 0.440 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.042$$

$$R(D^*) \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell)} = 0.332 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.018$$

Belle 2007, 2009, 2010

Combined: $R(D) = 0.42 \pm 0.06$

$$R(D^*) = 0.34 \pm 0.03$$

Theory (SM)

$$R(D) = 0.297 \pm 0.017 \text{ (BABAR, Fajfer et al.)}$$

$$0.302 \pm 0.015 \text{ (MT, Watanabe)}$$

$$0.316 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.007 \text{ (Bailey et al., lattice)}$$

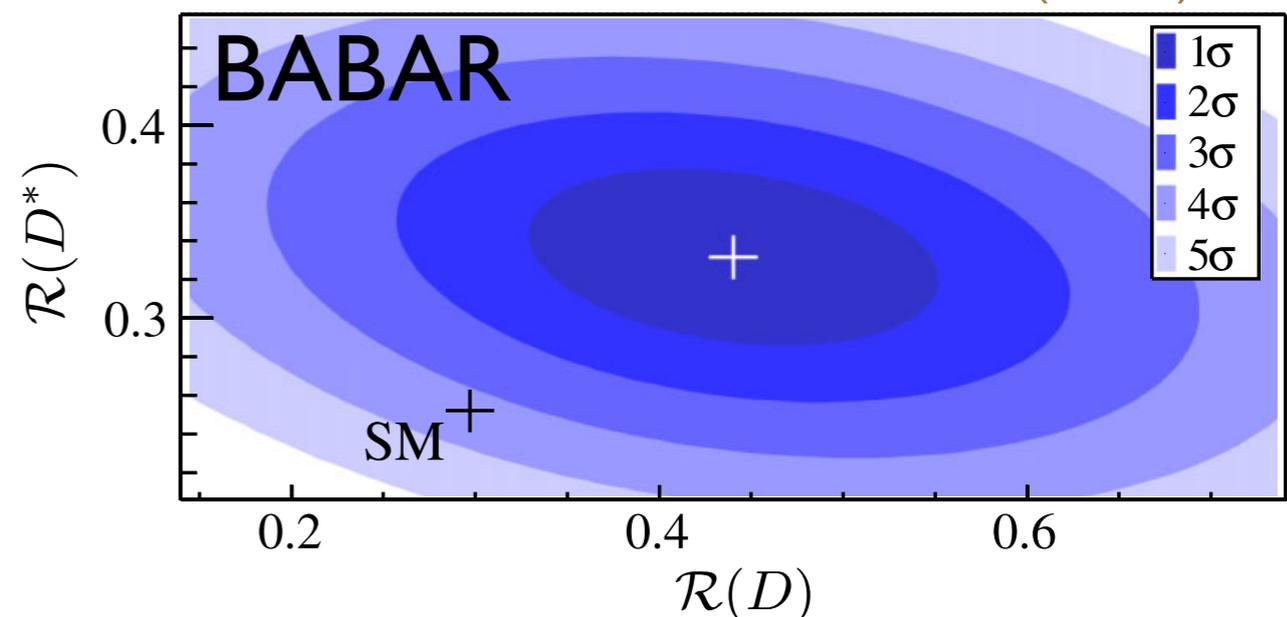
$$0.31 \pm 0.02 \text{ (Becirevic et al.)}$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.252 \pm 0.003 \text{ (BABAR, Fajfer et al.)}$$

$$0.251 \pm 0.004 \text{ (MT, Watanabe)}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} R(D) \quad 1.9\sigma \\ R(D^*) \quad 2.9\sigma \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{green arrow}} 3.5\sigma$$

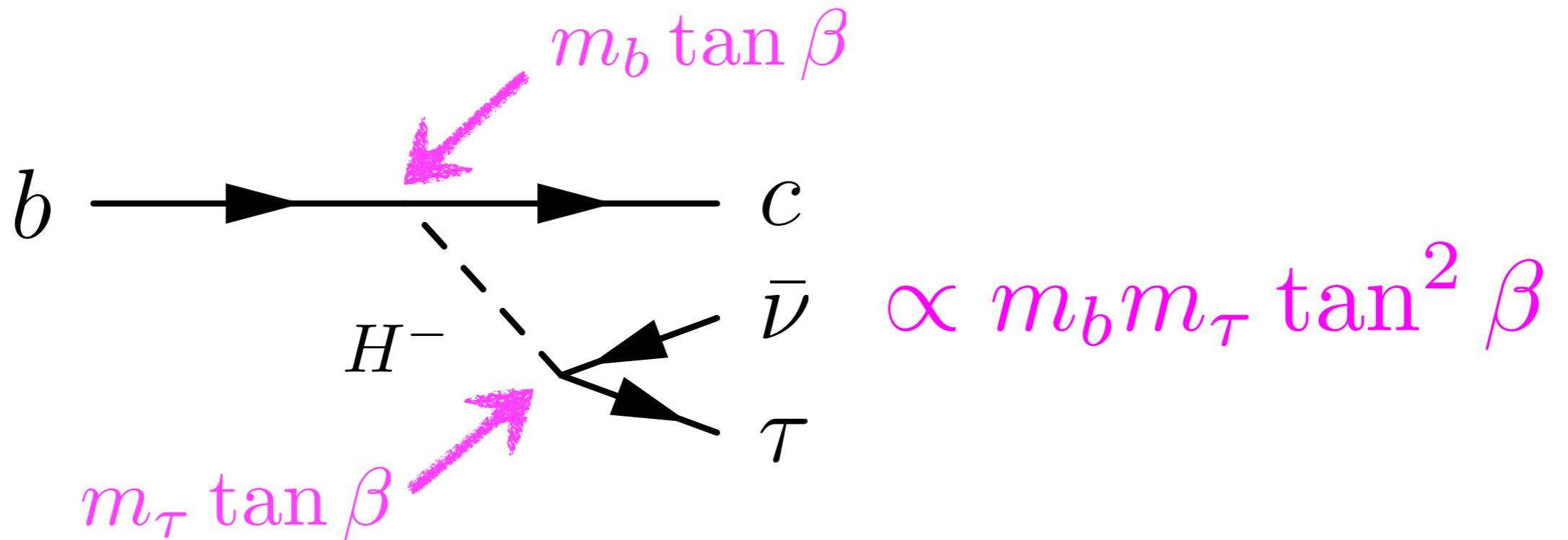
arXiv:1303.0571, PRD88.072012(2013)



Charged Higgs

W.S. Hou and B. Grzadkowski (1992),
M.T. (1995),

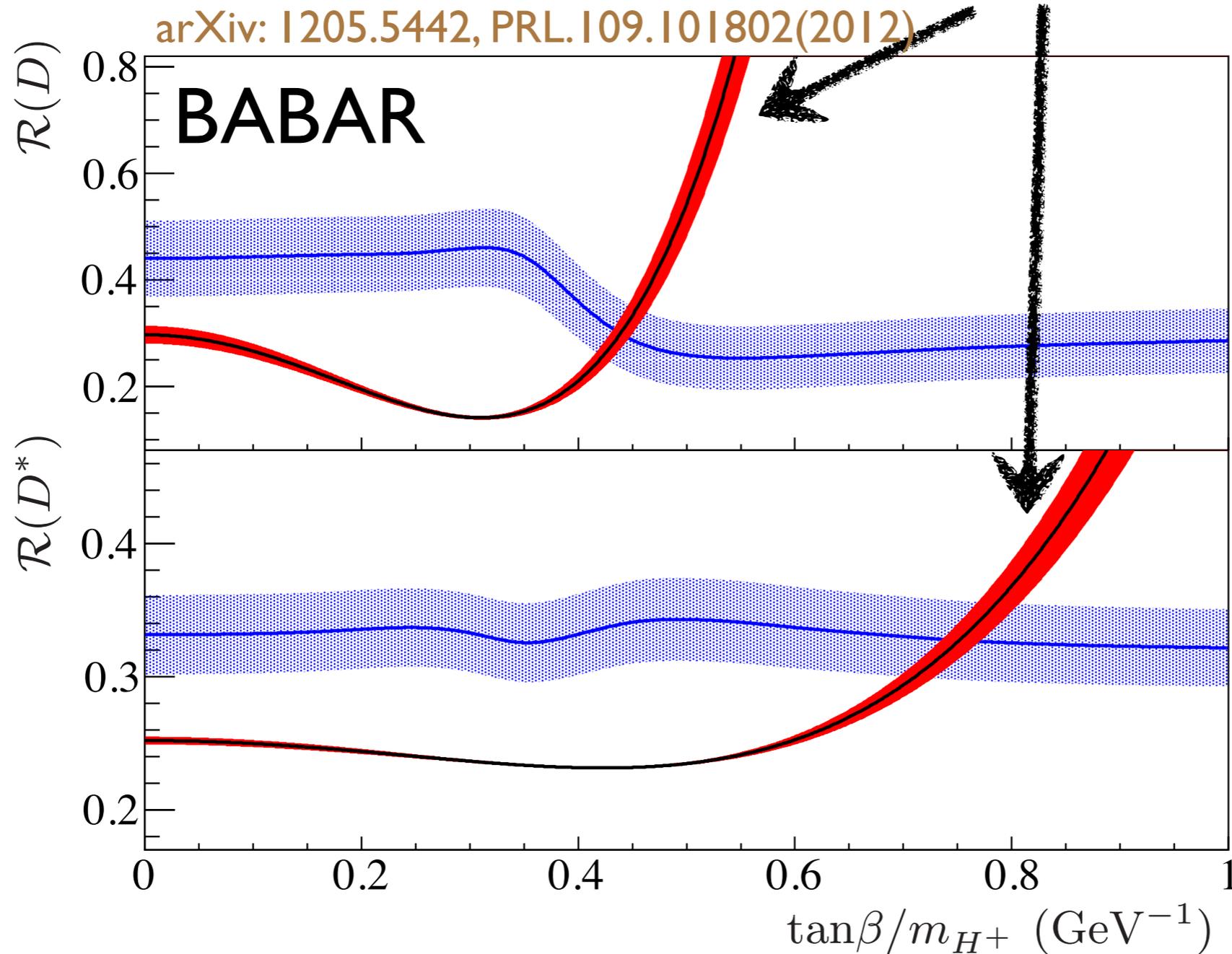
Type-II 2HDM (SUSY)



Sensitive to the charged Higgs
if $\tan \beta$ is large.

But, negative interference.

predictions of 2HDM II



charged Higgs excluded at 99.8% CL

Model-independent approach

MT, R. Watanabe, arXiv:12121878,
PRD87.034028(2013).

Effective Lagrangian for $b \rightarrow c\tau\bar{\nu}$

all possible 4f operators with LH neutrinos

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = 2\sqrt{2}G_F V_{cb} \sum_{l=e,\mu,\tau} [(\delta_{l\tau} + C_{V_1}^l)\mathcal{O}_{V_1}^l + C_{V_2}^l\mathcal{O}_{V_2}^l + C_{S_1}^l\mathcal{O}_{S_1}^l + C_{S_2}^l\mathcal{O}_{S_2}^l + C_T^l\mathcal{O}_T^l]$$


SM

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_1}^l = \bar{c}_L \gamma^\mu b_L \bar{\tau}_L \gamma_\mu \nu_{Ll},$$

V-A

SM-like

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_2}^l = \bar{c}_R \gamma^\mu b_R \bar{\tau}_L \gamma_\mu \nu_{Ll},$$

V+A

RH current

$$\mathcal{O}_{S_1}^l = \bar{c}_L b_R \bar{\tau}_R \nu_{Ll},$$

S+P

charged Higgs (II)

$$\mathcal{O}_{S_2}^l = \bar{c}_R b_L \bar{\tau}_R \nu_{Ll},$$

S-P

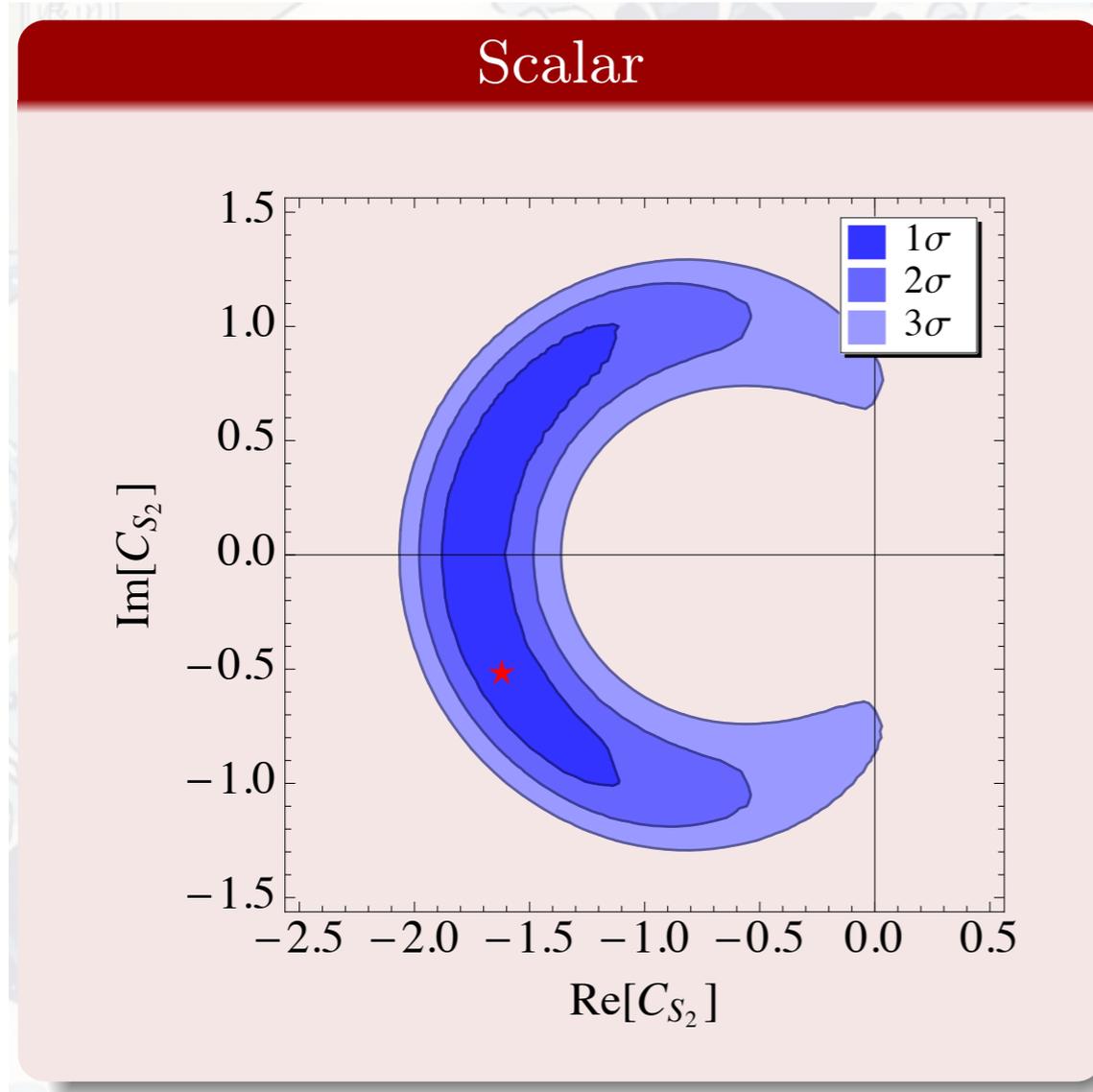
charged Higgs

$$\mathcal{O}_T^l = \bar{c}_R \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_L \bar{\tau}_R \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_{Ll}$$

Tensor

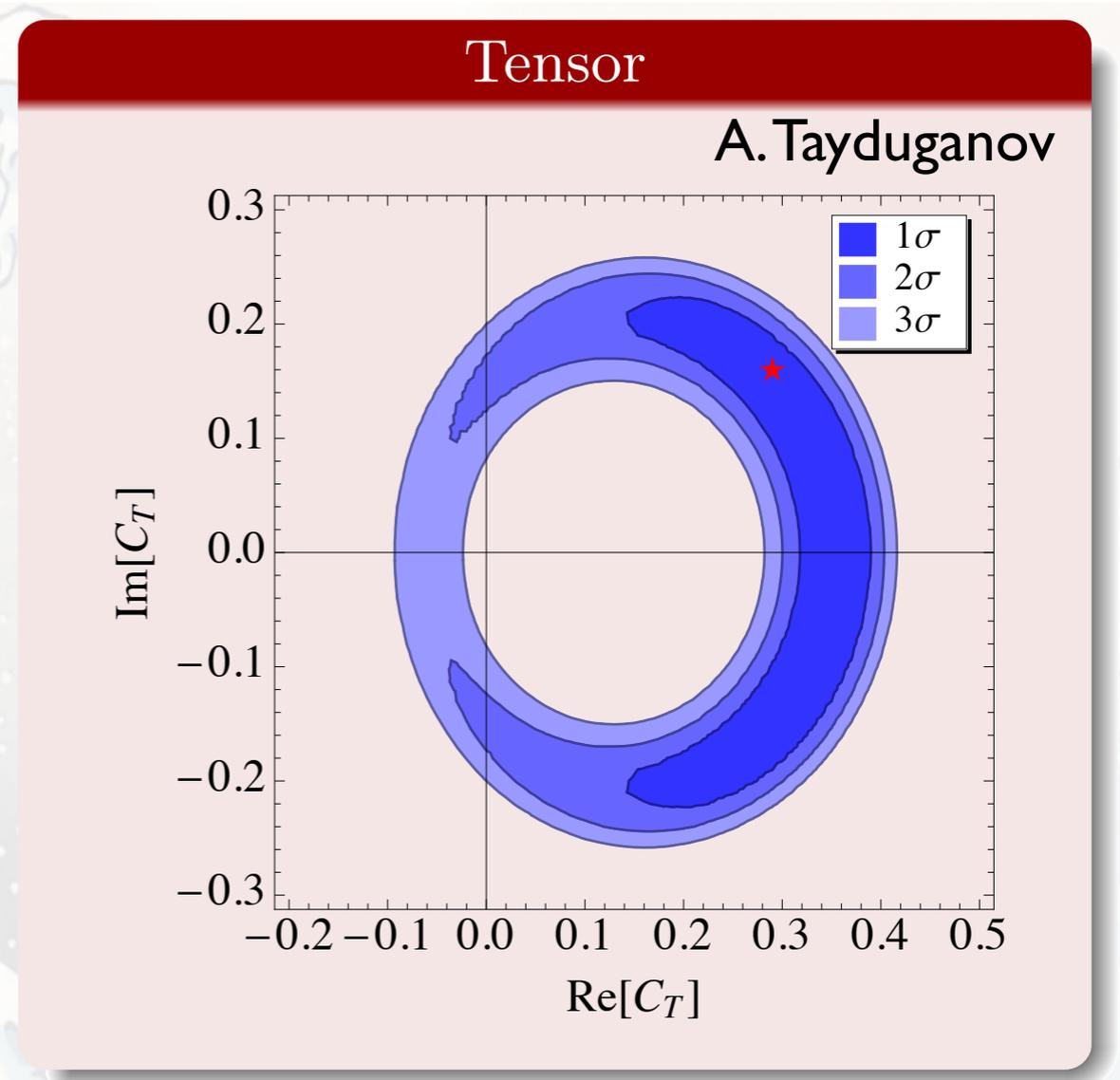
GUT, LQ

Operators favored



$$\bar{c}_R b_L \bar{\tau}_R \nu_L$$

type III 2HDM, LQ



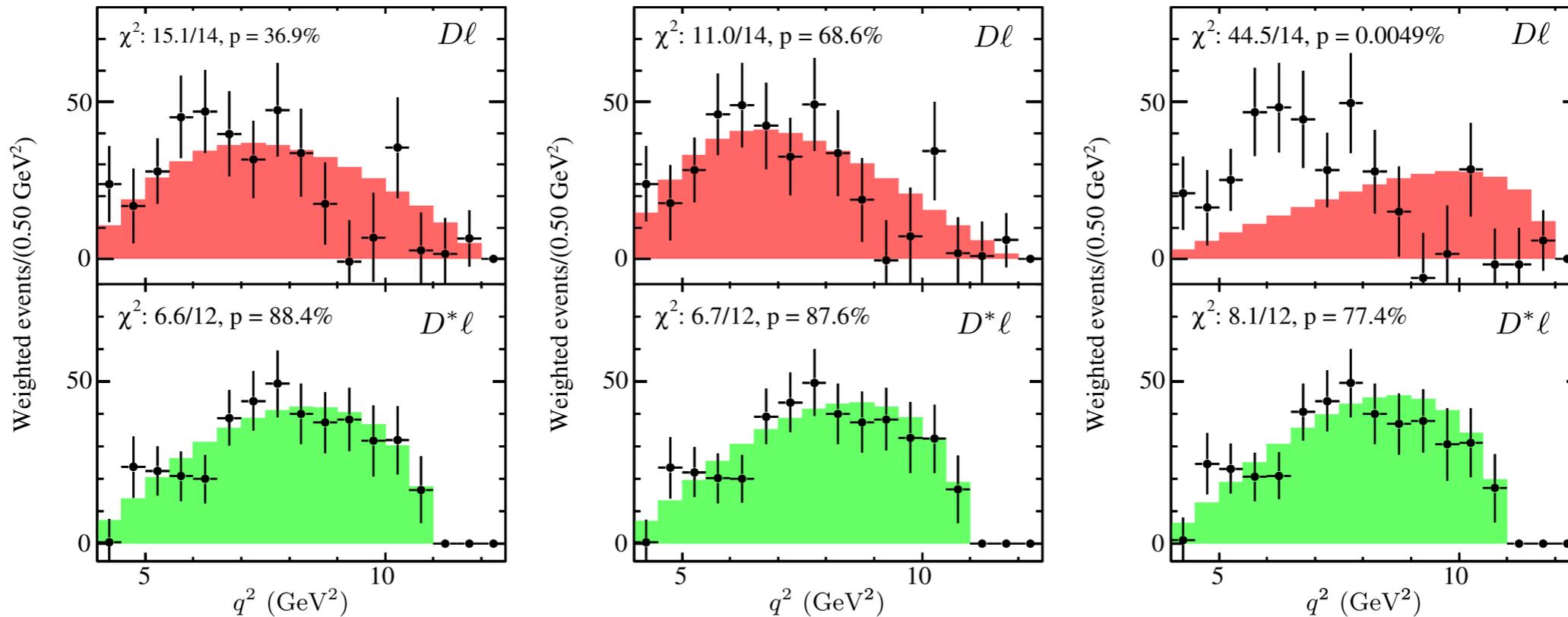
$$\bar{c}_R \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_L \bar{\tau}_R \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_L$$

LQ

Y. Sakaki, MT, A. Tayduganov, R. Watanabe
 arXiv:1309.0301, PRD88.094012(2013)

Lepton invariant mass (q^2) distribution

arXiv:1303.0571, PRD88.072012(2013)



SM

$$\bar{c}_L b_R \bar{\tau}_R \nu_L$$

$$\tan \beta / m_{H^\pm} = 0.30 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$$

$$\bar{c}_L b_R \bar{\tau}_R \nu_L$$

$$0.45 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$$

What about other operators?

work in progress

Y. Sakaki, MT, A. Tayduganov, R. Watanabe
 Talks at Moriond EW 2014 by A. Tayduganov,
 FPCP 2014 by R. Watanabe

Summary

Observables

$R(D^{(*)}), P_\tau(D^{(*)}), P_{D^*}$
 q^2 dist., etc.

input



output

Effective Lagrangian

C_X^{ℓ}

constraint



prediction

Models

2HDM's, MSSM,
RPV, LQ, etc.

Further study

- ★ More data

 - Belle update, LHCb

- ★ Better use of distributions

 - q^2 dist.

- ★ Expected accuracy at Belle II

- ★ Hadronic form factors

 - FFs of NP operators

- ★ Combination with other processes

$$B^- \rightarrow \tau \bar{\nu}, \quad B \rightarrow X \tau \bar{\tau}, \quad B \rightarrow X \nu \bar{\nu}$$